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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/635,726 08/05/2003		Paul L. Jeran	10982225-2	8866
7	7590 02/21/2006	EXAMINER		
	PACKARD COMPAN	WALLERSON, MARK E		
Intellectual Pro P. O. Box 2724	pperty Administration		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Fort Collins, C	CO 80527-2400	2626		

DATE MAILED: 02/21/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
			10/635,726	5,726 JERAN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary		[Examiner		Art Unit				
			Mark E. Wa	lerson	2626				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun r Reply	ication appe	ars on the d	over sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M sisions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comr period for reply is specified above, the maximum street to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DA- s of 37 CFR 1.136 nunication. atutory period will will, by statute, c	TE OF THIS (a). In no event I apply and will occuping	S COMMUNICATION, however, may a reply be timexpire SIX (6) MONTHS from the top to become ABANDONEI	. ely filed the mailing date of this o O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status					•				
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on							
·	•	2b)⊠ This a		n-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition	for allowand	ce except fo	r formal matters, pro	secution as to th	e merits is			
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4) 🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.								
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or	election red	uirement.					
Applicati	on Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) acce _l	pted or b)	objected to by the E	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the dr	rawing(s) be	held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correctio	on is required	if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)[The oath or declaration is objected t	o by the Exa	aminer. Note	e the attached Office	Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	documents documents of the priorit onal Bureau	have been have been ty documen (PCT Rule	received. received in Applicati ts have been receive 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	l Stage			
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/5/2003</u> .		5) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da) Notice of Informal P) Other:	ite	O-152)			

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Part III DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant(s)

1. This application has been examined. Claims 1-19 are pending.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The references listed in the Information Disclosure Statement dated <u>8/5/2003</u> have been considered by the Examiner and is attached to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 2, 6, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wolff et al (Wolff) (U.S. 5,671,282).

With respect to claims 1 and 6, Wolff discloses a method of document management, comprising providing a document (column 3, lines 27-29); scanning the document with a scanning machine configured to determine if the document has a machine-readable code thereon', the scanning machine being further configured to extract at least some information from the machine-readable code if the machine readable code is present on the document (column 5, lines 4-24); providing a database of information that can be present in the machine- readable code on the document (column 3, lines 41-43 and column 3, line 65 to column 4, line 15), and

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comparing at least some of any information extracted from the machine- readable code by the scanning machine with the information in the database to track the document (column 3, lines 43-64).

With regard to claim 2, Wolff discloses printing the document with a printing device which prints the machine-readable code on the document, and wherein the printing device is in data communication with the database (column 4, lines 16-34).

With respect to claim 16, Wolff discloses 16 the scanning machine is linked with a processor (101B) that is in data communication with the database (101A) and in data communication with a second printer (101D), wherein the information contained in the machine-readable code defines a version of the document (column 4, lines 16-28), wherein a digital representation of the scanned version of the document is stored on the database together with digital representations of other versions of the document (column 3, lines 35-50), and wherein the processor is configured to determine that electronic representations of the other versions of the document are in the database (column 3, lines 35-50), the processor being configured to enable either the scanned version of the document or at least one of said other versions of the document stored in the database as digital representations to be printed by the second printer (column 3, line 35 to column 4, line 34).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolff in view of Ikenoue et al (Ikenoue) (U.S. 5,987,127).

With respect to claims 3, 4, 7, 8, and 9, Wolff differs from claims 3, 4, 7, 8, and 9, in that he does not clearly disclose wherein the scanning machine is linked with a copying machine configured for copying the document, wherein the information contained in the machine-readable code defines if the document can be copied, and wherein the copier is configured to copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code on the document and extracts information from the machine-readable code not authorizing the copying.

Ikenoue discloses an image forming apparatus and copy management system wherein a scanning machine is linked with a copying machine configured for copying a document, wherein the information contained in machine-readable code defines if the document can be copied, and wherein the copier is configured to copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code on the document and extracts information from the machine-readable code not authorizing the copying (column 2, lines 45-56; column 10, lines 24-67, and column 11, lines 35-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Wolff wherein the information contained in machine-readable code defines if the document can be copied, and wherein the copier is configured to copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code on the document and extracts information from the machine-readable code not authorizing the copying. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified

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Wolff by the teaching of Ikenoue in order to prevent illegal copying as disclosed by Ikenoue in column 1, lines 12-15.

With regard to claim 5, Wolff discloses the information included in the machine-readable code includes a version number of the document (column 4, lines 23-28).

With respect to claim 10, Wolff discloses the machine-readable code is printed with at least one of a resolution or tonal (density) difference that cannot be reproduced by the second copying machine (column 8, lines 18-36).

With regard to claims 12 13, and 14, Wolff discloses printing the code on copies of the document (column 4, lines 16-34).

With respect to claim 15, Wolff differs from claim 15 in that he does not clearly disclose the second copying machine is configured to identify a user requesting a copy of the document, wherein the information contained in the machine-readable code defines if the document can be copied by particular users, and wherein the second copying machine is configured to not copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code and extracts information from the code authorizing copying by an identified user.

Ikenoue discloses identifying a user requesting a copy of the document, wherein the information contained in the machine-readable code defines if the document can be copied by particular users, and wherein the second copying machine is configured to not copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code and extracts information from the code authorizing copying by an identified user (column 2, lines 46-56). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Wolff wherein the information contained in the machine-readable code defines if the

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document can be copied by particular users, and wherein the second copying machine is configured to not copy the document unless the scanning machine finds the machine-readable code and extracts information from the code authorizing copying by an identified user. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Wolff by the teaching of Ikenoue in order to prevent illegal copying.

7. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolff in view of Ikenoue as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of Jeran et al (Jeran) (U.S. 6,628,412).

With respect to claim 11, Wolff as modified differs from claim 11 in that he does not clearly disclose the machine-readable code is printed with an ink that is not visible when viewed with only light in the visible wavelength range, said ink becoming visible when stimulated with light outside of the visible wavelength range.

Jeran discloses a document management method machine-readable code is printed with an ink that is not visible when viewed with only light in the visible wavelength range, said ink becoming visible when stimulated with light outside of the visible wavelength range (column 3, lines 9-25). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Wolff as modified wherein the machine-readable code is printed with an ink that is not visible when viewed with only light in the visible wavelength range, said ink becoming visible when stimulated with light outside of the visible wavelength range. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Wolff as modified by the teaching of Jeran in order to easily hide the machine readable image as disclosed by Jeran in column 3, lines 3-5.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark E. Wallerson whose telephone number is (571) 272-7470. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday - 6:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly Williams can be reached on (571) 272-7471. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mark E. Wallerson Primary Examiner Art Unit 2626

MARKWALLERSON

PRIMARY EXAMINER